## 广厉螨属和裸厉螨属二新种及伊犁血厉螨特征补充(蜱螨亚纲,中气门目,厉螨科)

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摘 要 记述厉螨科 Laclapidae 2 新种: 似李广厉螨 Cosmoladaps lisimilis sp. nov. 和广西裸厉螨 Gymnolaelaps guangxiensis sp. nov.。同时补充伊犁血厉螨 Haemoladaps yli ensis Ye et Ma, 1996 特征。 关键词 厉螨科,广厉螨属,裸厉螨属,血厉螨属,新种. 中图分类号 Q259. 226

中国已记载广厉螨属 Cosnoladaps Berlese 22 种,裸厉螨属 Gymnoladaps Berlese 5 种。本文记述广厉螨属 1 新种和裸厉螨属 1 新种,并补充伊犁血厉螨 Haemoladaps yilionsis Ye et Ma, 1996 特征。模式标本为作者采。保存于军事医学科学院微生物流行病研究所昆虫标本馆,北京。文中测量单位为  $\mu$ m。

1 似李广厉螨,新种 Cosmolaelaps lisimilis **sp. nov.** (图 1~ 6)

形态描述 雌螨体黄色,椭圆形。背板卵圆形,长 387,宽 237,具刚毛 39 对, $D_{s} \sim D_{r}$ 之间有 2 根附加毛,背板毛均呈叶状, $F_{1}$  较宽, $F_{2}$  和  $M_{11}$  很短,其余毛内缘有  $1 \sim 2$  细突。背表皮毛 14 对左右,前部者短小针状,后部者短小叶状。腹面板骨化很弱,胸板前及后缘看不清,胸毛 3 对,隙孔 2 对。胸后毛和第 3 对隙孔在表皮上。生殖腹板后部稍膨大,呈椭圆形,后端达到  $V_{13}$  水平,板上刚毛 1 对。肛板明显,长 75,宽 65,宽梨形。Ad 位于肛孔中横线水平,Ad 与 PA 约等于肛孔长。气门沟前端达到  $F_{2}$  外侧。螯钳动趾 2 齿,定趾 6 齿。颚角短。颚毛中等长,光滑。足毛刺状和针状,光滑。

雄螨 未采到。

词源: 种名来源于"Cosnolaelaps liae" (相似种名) 和"-similis"(相似)。

鉴别特征 新种与李氏广厉螨 Cosmolaelaps liae Bai et Gu, 1993 极相近似,但新种背板毛内缘有细突, $F_2$  短叶状,生殖腹板后部椭圆形,肛板宽梨形;而李氏广厉螨背板毛无细突, $F_2$ 短刺状,生殖腹板后部方形、肛板狭梨形。

正模 ♀, 采自土壤, 海南海口 (20°N,

110°20′E),2004-04-05。副模1♀,采自土壤,广西桂林(25°15′N,110°17′E),2006-10-14。

2 广西裸厉螨,新种 Gymnolaelaps guangxiensis **sp. nov.** (图 7~11)

形态描述 雌螨体黄色,狭长椭圆形,长 624,宽 323。背板覆盖整个背面,具鳞状网纹,刚毛 39对, $D_7 \sim D_a$ 之间有 1 根附加毛,背毛均短小光滑,未端达不到与下位毛基部距离的中点。胸前板 1 对,螯形。胸板长 151,最狭处宽 108,胸毛 3 对,隙孔 2 对。胸后毛和第 3 对隙孔位于足内板内侧表皮上。生殖腹板长 215,最宽处宽 129,后部呈圆形膨大,后端达到  $V_B$  水平,板上刚毛 1 对。肛板圆三角形,长 97,宽 108,Ad 位于肛孔中横线水平,Ad 与 PA 约等于肛孔长。足后板 1 对,椭圆形。气门沟前端达到 基节 I 中部。足外板在基节 IV 后稍凸。腹表皮毛约 9 对。螯钳动趾 2 齿,定趾看到 3 齿。颚角短。颚毛中等长,光滑。足有刺状毛和针状毛,光滑。

雄螨 未采到。

词源: 种名来源于模式标本采集地。

鉴别特征 新种类似于光滑裸厉螨 *Gymnolaelaps lawis* (Michael, 1891), 但新种体狭长; 生殖腹板后端达到 Vl<sub>3</sub> 水平, 板上刚毛 1 对; 肛板较宽, 三角形; 足后板 1 对, 较大。而光滑裸厉螨体宽短; 生殖腹板后端达到 Vl<sub>4</sub> 水平, 板上刚毛 2 对; 肛板较狭, 卵圆形; 足后板 2 对, 很小。

正模  $\,^{\circ}$  , 采自土壤,广西南宁  $(22^{\circ}54\,\mathrm{N}, 108^{\circ}20^{\circ}\mathrm{E})$  ,  $2004^{\circ}08^{\circ}06$ 。副模 $1^{\circ}$  , 采自土壤,广西桂林( $25^{\circ}15\,\mathrm{N}$ ,  $110^{\circ}17^{\circ}\mathrm{E}$ ) ,  $2006^{\circ}10^{\circ}14$ 。

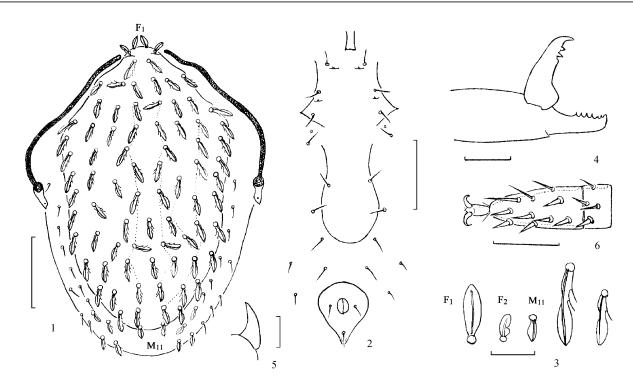


图 1~ 6 似李广厉螨,新种 Cosmoladaps lisimilis sp. nov. ♀

1. 背面 (dorsum) 2. 腹面 (venter) 3. 背板毛 (setae of dorsal shield) 4. 螯钳 (chela) 5. 颚角 (corniculus) 6. 跗节 II (tarsus II) 比例尺 (scale bars): 1~ 2= 100 μm; 3~ 5= 20 μm; 6= 40 μm

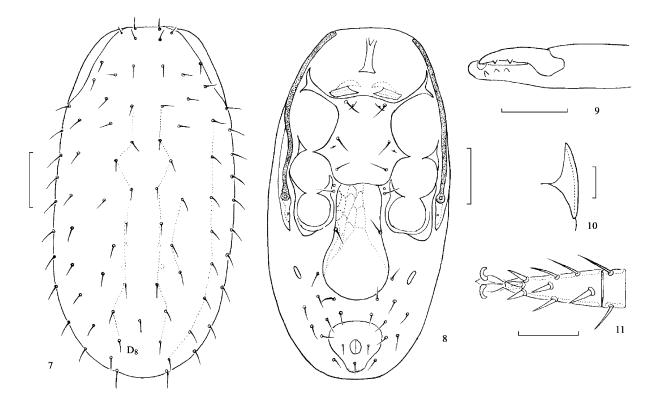


图 7~ 11 广西裸厉螨,新种 Gymnoladaps guangxiansis sp. nov. ♀
7. 背面 (dorsum) 8 腹面 (venter) 9 螯钳 (chela) 10 颚角 (corniculus) 11 跗节 II (tarsus II) 比例尺 (scale bars): 7~ 8= 100 μm; 9, 11= 50 μm; 10= 20 μm

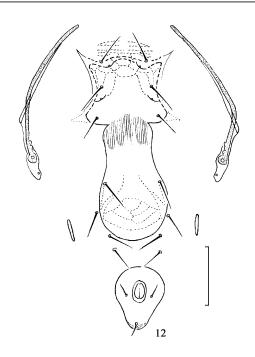


图 12 伊犁血厉螨 Haenolælaps yilien sis Ye et Ma, 1996♀ 腹面各板 (shields of venter) 比例尺 (scale bar) = 100 μm

3 伊犁血厉螨 Haemola daps yiliensis Ye et Ma, 1996 (图 12)

叶瑞玉, 马立名: 动物分类学报, 21(3): 296.

特征补充 正模♀,腹面各板如图 12。胸板边缘骨化很弱,前缘与板上网纹及胸前区网纹分不清,侧缘形成淡色带,亚侧缘线以内骨化较强,后侧角短钝(原描述图中的胸板后侧角实际是表皮上的线纹)。板上2 对隙孔形状相同,均细长,弧形。气门板在气门后的后延部分宽短。颚毛光滑,外颚毛细短。

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# DESCRIPTIONS OF TWO NEW SPECIES OF THE GENERA COSMOLAELAPS AND GYMNOLAELAPS, WITH SUPPLEMENTARY CHARACTERS OF HAEMOLAELAPS YILIENSIS YE ET MA (ACARI, MESOSTIGMATA, LAELAPIDAE)

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**Abstract** The present paper reports two new species of the family Laelapidae and provides supplementary characters of *Haenoladaps yiliensis* Ye et Ma, 1996. Type specimens are deposited in the Entomology Gallery, Institute of Microbiology and Epidemiology, Academy of Military Medical Sciences, Beijing.

#### 1 Cosmoladaps lisimilis **sp. nov.** (Figs. 1-6)

 $\$  Dorsal shield 387  $\$  m long and 237  $\$  m wide, bearing 39 pairs and 2 unpaired leaf-like setae,  $\$  F1 broader,  $\$  F2 and M11 short, remaining setae with 2 thin silks. Sternal shield weakly sclerotized, with 3 pairs of setae and 2 pairs of pores. MSt and the 3rd pair of pores on cuticle behind the shield. Genito ventral shield expanded posteriorly, reaching to level of Vl3, with 1 pair of setae. Anal shield pear shaped, Ad situated at level of middle of anus, both Ad and PA subequal to anus in length. Peritreme reaching out to F2 anteriorly. Movable digit of chela bidentate, fixed digit with 6 denticles. Legs setae spine or needle shaped.

ðUnknown.

The new species is very similar to *Cosmolaelaps* liae Bai et Gu, 1993, but differs in the dorsal shield setae

with thin silks,  $F_2$  short leaf-like, posterior part of genito ventral shield oval, anal shield broad pear-like (in the latter species dorsal shield setae without thin silk,  $F_2$  short spine-like, posterior part of genito ventral shield square, anal shield narrow pear-like).

Holotype  $\,^\circ$ , ex soil, from Haikou (20°N, 110°20′E), Hainan Province, in 5 Apr. 2004. Paratype 1 $\,^\circ$ , ex soil, from Guilin (25°15′N, 110°17′E), Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, 14 Oct. 2006.

### 2 Gymnoladaps guangxiensis sp. nov. (Figs. 71)

 bidentate, fixed digit tridentate. Legs setae spine or needle shaped.

ðUnknown.

The new species is similar to *Gymnolaelaps laevis* (Michael, 1891), but in the new species the idiosoma long and narrow; genito ventral shield reaching to level of VI posteriorly, with 1 pair of setae; anal shield broader, triangular; metapodal shields 1 pair, large. In the latter species idiosoma short and broad; genito ventral shield reaching to level of VI posteriorly, with 2 pairs of setae, anal shield narrower, oval; metapodal shields 2 pairs, small.

Holotype  $\,^\circ$ , ex soil, from Nanning (22°54′N, 108°20′E), Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, in 6 Aug. 2004. Paratype 1  $\,^\circ$ , ex soil, from Guilin (25°15′N, 110°17′E), Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, 14 Oct. 2006.

- 3 Haemolaelaps yiliensis Ye et Ma, 1996 (Fig. 12)
- $\,^\circ$ . Margins of sternal shield weakly sclerotized, lateral margins with white band; postero lateral angles blunt, both pairs of lyrifissure on the shield long and thin, are shaped.

**Key words** Laelapidae, Cosmoladaps, Gymnoladaps, Haemoladaps, new species.